

## **ARTICLE VI OF THE CONSTITUTION:**

All debts contracted and engagements entered into, before the adoption of this Constitution, shall be as valid against the United States under this Constitution, as under the Confederation.

This Constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof; and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every state shall be bound thereby, anything in the Constitution or laws of any State to the contrary notwithstanding.

The Senators and Representatives before mentioned, and the members of the several state legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several states, shall be bound by oath or affirmation, to support this Constitution; but no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States.

## **THE TENTH AMENDMENT:**

The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people.

## NULLIFICATION & SECESSION OUTLINE

### ALIEN & SEDITION ACTS:

- Naturalization Act:
- Alien Act:
- Sedition Act:

### 1798: ALIEN & SEDITION ACTS ARE PASSED

- Why they were passed:
- Results:
- Reactions:

### NOTES FROM VIDEO:

### 1828: TARIFF OF ABOMINATION

- Congress passes a \_\_\_\_\_ on imported goods from Europe.

### Notes from video:

Outcome: \_\_\_\_\_ Crisis

- John C. Calhoun
- Webster-Hayne Debate
- South Carolina & their Nullification Act
- Henry Clay & the Compromise Tariff of 1833

**Excerpt from the Webster-Hayne Debates**  
**Robert Hayne, 1830**

Sir, as to the doctrine that the Federal Government is the exclusive judge of the extent, as well as the limitations, of its powers, it seems to me to be utterly subversive of the sovereignty and independence of the States. It makes but little difference, in my estimation, whether Congress or the Supreme Court are invested with this power. If the Federal Government, in all or any of its departments, is to prescribe the limits of its own authority, and the States are bound to submit to the decision, and are not to be allowed to examine and decide for themselves, when the barriers of the Constitution shall be overleaped, this is practically "a Government without limitation of powers." The states are at once reduced to mere petty corporations and the people are entirely at your mercy.

**Excerpt from the Webster-Hayne Debates**  
**Daniel Webster, 1830**

When my eyes shall be turned to behold for the last time the sun in heaven, may I not see him shining on the broken and dishonored fragments of a once glorious Union; on states dissevered, discordant, belligerent; on a land rent with civil feuds, or drenched, it may be, in fraternal blood! Let their last feeble and lingering glance rather behold the gorgeous ensign of the republic, now known and honored throughout the earth, still full high advanced, its arms and trophies streaming in their original luster, not a stripe erased or polluted, nor a single star obscured, bearing for its motto, no such miserable interrogatory as "What is all this worth?" nor those other words of delusion and folly, "Liberty first and Union afterwards"; but everywhere, spread all over in characters of living light, blazing on all its ample folds, as they float over the sea and over the land, and in every wind under the whole heavens, that other sentiment, dear to every true American heart-**Liberty and Union, now and forever, one and inseparable!**